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**1.**  
 , 가 .  
 가 . , ,  
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 , 가 ,  
 ( , 1997). 4 (1995 )  
 가 가 , , 가  
 , 1960 1970  
 (Dumbar & Patterson, 1981, Lappa &  
 Miller, 1988). (disease)  
 (dis-ease) ( , 1992). 가  
 , , , , ,  
 가 .  
 가 , , , , ,  
 , 가  
 , 가 , , , , 1994 ; Weisensee,  
 1986). 가 ,  
 ,  
 (Weiss, 1984 ; Macpherson, 1983 ; Rose, 1990).

가

1995

가 ( , 1997).

가

( ) ,

가

“ ” “ ”

, 1992).

가

20 (1972 - 1991

) 2,277 243 (11.3%)

( , 1992). (1995)

1980 1994

Sigma Theta Tau Lambda Alpha Chapter-at-Large

12.4% ( 1,567 195 ) ,

가

가

가 (Antrist, 1988).

(Miller, 1995).

(McElmurry , 1993 ; Beverly , 1992 ; Johnson, 1993).

가 , 가

( , 1996).

5 ('92 - '96 )

2.

1992 1996 5

1) 5

2)

3) (life cycle)

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1.

1992 1996 5 , , (95 ) , ‘ ’, ‘ ’, ‘ ’

가

1992 1996 5 (1992)

“ ” , 1992

5 (’92 ’96 ) 121 , 234 , 65 , 420

2.

Dunbar & Patterson(1981)

가 - , - , 가 , , 가

( , 1992)

1

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1.

1992 1996 420 Dunbar

Patterson(1981)

< 1>.

< 1> 1972	1996				(%)
	'72 - '76	'77 - '81	'82 - '86	'87 - '91	
	23( 8.2)	77(11.7)	44(11.1)	99(10.5)	243(10.7)
	19( 6.8)	12( 3.0)	40( 6.0)	64( 6.8)	135( 5.9)
	239(85.0)	339(85.9)	545(82.3)	776(82.7)	1,889(83.4)
	281(100)	395(100)	662(100)	939(100)	2,227(100)

  

< 1> 1972	1996					(%)
	'92	'93	'94	'95	'96	
	4( 7.4)	8(10.7)	10(13.2)	21(20.6)	23(20.4)	66(15.7)
	4( 7.4)	6( 8.0)	10(13.2)	9( 8.8)	7( 6.2)	36( 8.6)
	46(85.2)	61(81.3)	56(73.6)	72(70.6)	83(73.4)	318(75.7)
	54(100)	75(100)	76(100)	102(100)	113(100)	420(100)

· : 1972 - 1991 (1992)

가 1996 113 2 가 135 (5.9%), 가 243 (10.7%), 가 1899 (83%)  
 가 66 (15.7%), 가 36 (8.6%), 가 54  
 가 318 (75.7%), 가 1992 54  
 가 2,277 (1992), 가 20  
 5 가 15.7% 20  
 10.7% 가 , 가  
 1992 1996 가 1995 가 1992  
 1994 가 가 (41.7%), 가 (1992)  
 , , , 가 가  
 1992 가 1995 가  
 가 가 (20.6%), 1995 가 가  
 가 가

2.

5 420 가 66 (15.7%)  
 < 2>  
 가 27 (40.9%) 가 가 ,  
 가 15 (22.7%), 가 5 ( 7.6%), 가 5 (7.6%), 가 4 (6.1%),

< 2 >

	'72 - '76	'77 - '81	'82 - '86	'87 - '91	
	3(13.0)	11(25.0)	29(37.7)	44(44.4)	87(35.9)
	7(30.4)	20(45.5)	22(28.6)	15(15.2)	64(26.3)
	-	2( 4.6)	8(10.4)	10(10.1)	20( 8.2)
	1(4.4)	3( 6.8)	2( 2.6)	13(13.1)	19( 7.8)
가	4(17.4)	4( 9.1)	7( 9.1)	1( 1.0)	16( 6.6)
	1(4.4)	-	3( 3.9)	9( 9.1)	13( 5.3)
	2(8.7)	2( 4.5)	1( 1.3)	1( 1.0)	6( 2.5)
	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-
	5(21.7)	2( 4.5)	5( 6.5)	6( 6.1)	18( 7.4)
	23(100)	44(100)	77(100)	99(100)	243(100)

	'92	'93	'94	'95	'96	
	1(25.0)	2(25.0)	2(20.0)	6(28.6)	4(17.4)	15(22.7)
	1(25.0)	6(75.0)	4(40.0)	5(23.8)	11(47.8)	27(48.9)
	1(25.0)	-	1(10.0)	2( 9.5)	1( 4.3)	5( 7.6)
	1(25.0)	-	-	2( 9.5)	1( 4.3)	4( 6.1)
가	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	1(10.0)	2( 9.5)	2( 8.6)	5( 7.6)
	-	-	1(10.0)	1( 4.8)	1( 4.3)	3( 4.5)
	-	-	-	1( 4.8)	1( 4.3)	2( 3.0)
	-	-	-	-	1( 4.3)	1( 1.5)
	-	-	1(10.0)	2( 9.5)	1( 4.3)	4( 6.1)
	4(100)	8(100)	10(100)	21(100)	23(100)	66(100)

· : 1972 - 1991

(1992)

가 3 (4.55), 가 2 (3.0%), 가 1 (1.5%) 가  
 4 (6.1%) (1992) 1991 20  
 가 ( 243 ) 가 87 (35.9%) 가  
 , 가 64 (26.3%), 20 (8.2%), 19 (7.8%), 가 16  
 (6.6%), 13 (5.3%), 6 (2.5%) 가 18 (7.4%)  
 , 20  
 가 , 5 가  
 20 (16 )가 가 1  
 (3.0%) (1.5%)

(27, 40.9%)가 가 .

( , 가 ), , 가 , 가

27 5 .

가 ( ) ( , 1994). 가 2 .

가 .

가 ( , 1997 ; , 1994 ; Walker, 1966). 가

가 ( , 1995). 가

가 가 , 가 ( , 1996).

가 가 (15 , 22.7%) .

가 , 가 . Fooden(1983) ( ; , , ) 가

34 61.9% 가 , 35 가 ( , 1994). 가

가 가 가 가 ( , 1993). 가 가

가 ( , 1995 ; , 1996 ; Freidan, 1982). 5 (7.6%) , 가 2 .

가 가 ( , 1996).

가 , 가 (4 , 6.1%) , 가 , 가 (5 , 7.6%) 가 ( , 1996).

가 50%가 10 HIV 가 HIV AIDS 가 HIV 가 HIV 가 가 가 가 ( , 1997). Walker(1996) HIV 가 HIV AIDS 가 가 HIV 가 가 가 가 (3 , 4.5%), 가 가 '64 7% '92 66% 가 ( , 1988 : , 1992). 80% ( , 1992 ; , 1984), 가 가 ( , 1997).

가 가 가 (1 , 1.5%) 가 ( , 1995). 가 3 가 (1 200,000 ) 2.2% ( , 1995).

가 가 가 Walker(1996)

가 가 , 가 .  
(4 , 6.1%) , , .

가가 , 가 ,

가 .

3.

( , 1995 ; , 1995).

가

가 가 <

3>.

가 ( , 1997) ( , 가 , , , 가 가 ) . ( , 가 , , 가 가 < 3>.

< 3>

가	
	(4; 가
/	)
/	가
가	가 /
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가 , , , 가 , , , , 가 , 가 , , / , / , 가 , , , / , 가 , 가 , , 가 , 가 , , 가 , 가 , , 가 , 가 , , 가 , 가 , ,





2. 66  
27 (40.9%), 15 (22.7%) 가 , 5 (7.6%), 5  
(7.6%), 4 (6.1%), 3 (4.5%), 2 (3.0%), 1 (1.5%)  
, 가 4 (6.1%) .

3. 5  
가 가 가가 , , , ,  
가 .

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2.

3. 가 .

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1. (1995). .
2. , , , , (1992).  
, 4, 5- 16.
3. (1996.9.5). :
4. (1996).
5. (1992). 8 ,  
163- 191.
6. (1997). :  
, 36- 63.
7. , , , (1995).  
, 1(1), 222- 233.
8. (1996). , 5(1), 39- 58.
9. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,  
(1997). :
10. (1995). , 34(5), 257- 270.
11. (1996). , 26(2), 257- 270.
12. 4 (1995). : ,
13. , , , , , , , (1994). . :
14. (1994.12.29).
15. (1994). . ( )  
) .

16. (1994).
17. (1992). 가  
( ).
18. (1988). , 31(11), 1503- 1513.
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- Abstract -

## Recent Trends in the Nursing Research on the Woman's Health

Koh, Kyo-Jung · Jeong, Geum-Hee  
Park, Kyung-Min · Kim, Hye-Young

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Jeong, Geum-Hee : Department of Nursing, Hallym University  
Park, Kyung-Min : College of Nursing, Keimyung University  
Kim, Hye-Young : College of Nursing, Keimyung University

For the purpose of improving the nursing research on the woman's health the nursing papers form Korea were analyzed by subject and content. This work was anticipated to suggest the direction of the research on the filed of woman's health. A total of 420 papers form journals, TaeHan KanHo, Journal of Academy of Nursing, and Journal of Korean Woman's Health Nursing Academic Society published from 1992 to 1996 were analyzed by Dubar and Patterson's criteria.

The Number of papers on the woman's health was 66(15.7%), and those of mother's role and other clinical studies were 36(8.6%) and 318(75.7%) each. Special fields of the 66 papers on the woman's health and its number were health management 27(40.9%), psychiatric health 15(22.7%), postmenopausal period 5(7.6%), sex 5(7.6%), menstruation 4(6.1%), abortion 3(4.5%), nursing need 2(3.0%), violence 1(1.5%) respectively. Considering the subjects according to the life cycle, the subject on pregnant and middle aged period were more frequent than that on juvenile, peripartum, married or aged periods.

According to above results, the proposals for promoting the nursing research were followings : Woman should be included as a subjects more frequently in general nursing research. The methodology for comparison study on the sex difference should be developed to understand the multifaced phenomena of woman's health. The factor analysis affecting the woman's health inadequately should be done.