Mitomycin-C

= =
 ,
 mitomycin-C(MMC)
 in-vitro perfusion specular microscope
 1 glutathione-bicarbonate-
 Ringer(GBR) 0.02%, 0.01%, 0.005% MMC 가 ,
 GBR 15
 MMC 가 MMC
 GBR 가 가
 가 , 0.02%, 0.01%
 , 0.005% 가 MMC
 가 0.005% $4.21 \pm 0.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$, 0.01% $4.25 \pm 0.48 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$
 $4.10 \pm 0.93 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$, $3.73 \pm 0.73 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$ 가
 0.01% MMC
 , Na/K-ATPase
 (41:1047 ~ 1053, 2000).

= Abstract =

The Effect of Mitomycin-C on the Function of Corneal Endothelial Cells in Rabbit

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The purpose of this study is to investigate the toxicity of mitomycin-C(MMC) to the corneal endothelial cells, which is medical adjunct to pterygium and glaucoma surgery. Rabbit corneas were mounted in the in-vitro dual-chambered specular microscope. Corneal endothelium was perfused with the glutathione-bicarbonate-Ringer(GBR) solution for one hour, then, perfused with 0.02%, 0.01%, and 0.005% MMC in GBR solution in experimental groups, and with GBR solution only in control group. Corneal thickness was measured every 15 minutes during perfusion and corneal swelling rate was calculated. Corneal endothelial permeability was also measured in another experiment. In MMC-mixed group, the early swelling rate decreased due to osmolarity of MMC, but after removal of MMC, the swelling rate increased compared to that of the control group. The pattern of increase was not a linear form, but a secondary curve with the plateau. In 0.02% and 0.01% MMC group, corneas swelled significantly, but not in 0.005% group. Corneal endothelial permeability was $4.21 \pm 0.50 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$ at 0.005% MMC, $4.10 \pm 0.93 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$ in control, and $4.25 \pm 0.48 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$ at 0.01% MMC, $3.73 \pm 0.73 \times 10^{-4} \text{cm/min}$ in control. No significant changes in permeability was observed. In conclusion, MMC of 0.01% or higher exposed to corneal endothelial cells induced corneal swelling of which mechanism was thought to be due to inhibition of Na/K-ATPase by MMC(J Korean Ophthalmol Soc 41:1047~1053, 2000).

Key Words : Corneal endothelial permeability, Corneal swelling, Mitomycin-C, Na/K-ATPase

Mitomycin-C(MMC) Streptomyces Caesepitosis alkylating agent 가 MMC가
 DNA
 DNA, RNA
 1) MMC
 가
 가 (2~3kg) 24 (48)
 2-5) , ,
 6-8) , 12
 , 12
 . 0.02%, 0.01%,
 0.005% MMC
 (pancuronium bromide)
 가
 2 3mm
 Dikstein Maurice¹³⁾가
 , , , ,
 9-12) , MMC 가
 가

— : MMC —

(Dow corning 200 Fluid, glutathione-bicarbon-ate-Ringer(GBR) 가 1 GBR 3 0.02%, 0.01%, 0.005% MMC 가 90 MMC GBR NaCl 111.56mM, KCl 4.82mM, NaHCO₃ 29.20 mM, glucose 5.01mM, CaCl₂·2H₂O 1.04 mM, MgCl₂·6H₂O 0.78mM, NaH₂PO₄ 0.86mM, glutathione 0.30mM(Sigma Chemical Co.,) pH 7.4 285 300mOsm 34°C, 0.1 Ml/min 15 20mmHg 15

(Repeat measure test) p 0.05

knife 가 gill

가 p 0.05

MMC 0.01% 0.005% , 0.01% MMC 가

MMC MMC GBR

GBR 1 가

MMC 가 , 0.01% 0.005% GBR 0.02% MMC 가 4.39 μm/hr

15

1 2.6×10⁻⁴ M carboxyflu-orescein(CF) 0.3Ml 30

30

BSS 20Ml가 48 4°C free dye가 CF (Ms) (Mp) (Ms) Fluorometer(RF-5301PC, Spectrofluorophotometer, Shimadzu Co., Kyoto, Japan)

(Pac) ^{14,15)} Pac = Kc.ca × Rca × q Kc.ca = {ln(Mp+ Ms) - lnMs}/t Ms = dye Mp = dye Kc.ca = cornea-aqueous transfer coefficient(rabbit value=1.07) Rca = steady-state distribution ratio(0.94) q = the average of the three final stromal thickness t = the time after applying CF

student t-test가

p 0.05

MMC 가 -29.22 ± 6.25 ± 0.15 μm/hr (Fig. 1), 0.01% MMC 가 -17.14 ± 3.78 μm/hr

Figure 1. Rabbit corneal swelling rate following perfusion with 0.02% mitomycin-C

Figure 2. Rabbit corneal swelling rate following perfusion with 0.01% mitomycin-C

Figure 3. Rabbit corneal swelling rate following perfusion with of 0.005% mitomycin-C

Figure 4. Rabbit corneal endothelial permeability following perfusion with 0.005% mitomycin-C

4.68 ± 0.60 μm/hr (Fig. 2),
 0.005% MMC 가 -4.75 ±
 2.51 μm/hr (Fig. 3).
 6.04 ± 0.76 μm/hr

GBR . MMC
 ,
 가
 (plateau) 가
 .
 0.02% MMC 가 (Y) Y =
 -49² + 412 - 765 5.97 ± 0.94 μm/hr
 가
 (Fig. 1). 0.01% MMC 가 (Y)

Y = -30² + 233 - 413
 6.92 ± 0.97 μm/hr 가
 (Fig. 2). 0.005% MMC 가
 (Y) Y = -18² + 139 - 236
 4.29 ± 0.81 μm/hr 가
 가 (Fig.
 3). 0.005%
 MMC 가 4.21 ± 0.50 × 10⁻⁴ cm/min
 4.10 ± 0.93 × 10⁻⁴ cm/min 가
 (Fig. 4), 0.01% MMC 가 4.25 ±
 0.48 × 10⁻⁴ cm/min 3.73 ± 0.73 × 10⁻⁴
 cm/min 가
 (Fig. 5). 0.01% MMC

Figure 5. Rabbit corneal endothelial permeability following perfusion with 0.01% mitomycin-C

Figure 6. Rabbit corneal endothelial permeability following perfusion with 0.01% mitomycin-C, then GBR

4.90 $\pm$ 0.37 $\times 10^{-4}$ cm/min
 $\times 10^{-4}$ cm/min
 GBR
 가
 4.47 $\pm$ 0.46
 (Fig. 6).
 가

Shiota¹⁶⁾ 0.02%
 0.04% MMC 3
 MMC
 , Szymans-
 ki¹⁷⁾ 0.05%
 0.02% MMC 1
 가 6
 . Ishimaru¹⁸⁾ 0.04%
 MMC 14

가
 19)
 0.01%, 0.02%, 0.04% MMC 0.1cc
 2 3
 0.02% MMC
 가 가 ,

MMC 가
 가
 MMC 가
 가
 MMC
 0.02%가 468mOsm, 0.01%가 379mOsm,
 0.005%가 318mOsm . MMC

GBR
 가
 가
 , 0.02% 0.01% MMC 가
 가가
 0.005% MMC 가
 가
 가

MMC가

²⁰⁾, Watsky ²¹⁾ ouabain
 ouabain
 Na/K-ATPase

가

가 .

ouabain 가

MMC 가 Na/K-ATPase

. Morrow ²²⁾ MMC

MMC , Rubinfeld ¹¹⁾ MMC 가

가 MMC

0.02% 1 ,

5

Lam ⁵⁾ 0.02% MMC

3 8.3% , 0.04% MMC

5

가

0.02% MMC 가 0.05%

0.02% 가 2 5 ,

가 ^{23,24)}

0.01%

MMC

가 0.01%

MMC , MMC 가 Na/K-ATPase

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