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: ,  
 .  
 : 4 10 43 43 86 .  
 , , Mentor B - VAT II videoacuity tester  
 . 4  
 : 45.6 , 29.1 , 53.5 ,  
 33.5 . Binocular Vision Random Dot E(BVRDE)  
 131.3 , Binocular Vision Circle(BVC) 46.1 , BVRDE 265.1 , BVC 161.4  
 가 (p<0.05),  
 가 (p>0.05). 4  
 BVRDE BVC 155.7 , 70.4 , 317.9 , 205.3  
 가 (p<0.05).  
 : 4 10 , 가  
 가  
 < 42(4):624 - 629, 2001 >

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가 가 가  
 . 가 가 가  
 , 1998 7 2000 8  
 , 1-3  
 , 4,5 가 가  
 1991 Zanoni Rosenbaum<sup>6</sup> 4~10  
 Mentor B-VAT(Binocular Vision Acuity Tester)  
 unit  
 . 4 10 .

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< : 2000 10 2 , : 2001 5 16 >  
 :  
 194  
 B-VAT II BVS contour  
 circle(BVC), B-VAT II BVS random dot  
 E(BVRDE)  
 ,  
 4 , 가

\* 2001 4 85 ,  
 ( ) , 4

**Table 1.** Stereoacuity in Normal Children and Intermittent Exotropic Children

Test	Normal Children			Intermittent exotropic children		
	Mean (arc secs)	SD* (arc secs)	Range (arc secs)	Mean (arc secs)	SD (arc sec)	Range (arc secs)
Titmus	45.6	12.4	40~100	53.5	19.5	40~100
Randot	29.1	13.7	20~70	33.5	18.3	20~100
BVC <sup>†</sup>	46.1	37.2	15~120	161.4	148.6	15~400
BVRDE <sup>‡</sup>	131.3	85	15~400	265.1	139.7	60~400

\*SD: Standard deviation, <sup>†</sup>BVC: Binocular contour circle, <sup>‡</sup>BVRDE: Binocular vision random dot E

**Table 2.** Near and Distant Stereoacuity according to Fusion in Intermittent Exotropic Children

Test	Intermittent exotropic children					
	Fusion(+)			Fusion(-)		
	Mean (arc secs)	SD* (arc secs)	Range (arc secs)	Mean (arc secs)	SD (arc sec)	Range (arc secs)
BVC <sup>†</sup>	70.4	99	15~400	205.3	149.7	15~400
BVRDE <sup>‡</sup>	155.7	109.9	60~400	317.9	121.7	60~400
Titmus	45	11	40~80	57.6	21.5	40~100
Randot	29.3	14.8	20~70	35.5	19.7	20~100

\*SD: Standard deviation, <sup>†</sup>BVC: Binocular contour circle, <sup>‡</sup>BVRDE: Binocular vision random dot E

Presence of fusion was checked by Worth 4 dot test.

4  
33 cm 6 m  
(Titmus  
Optical Co, Inc., Chicago, IL, U.S.A.),  
(Stereo Optical Co., Inc., Chicago, IL, U.S.A.)  
B-VAT BVRDE, BVC  
2000 4 7  
4 10  
86 40 cm  
37 , 49  
가 , 4  
43  
43  
0.9 , 1  
(D) 가 , 6  
(PD) 가 , 4  
BVC  
BVRDE  
(liquid crystal shutter glasses)  
3 m BVRDE BVC 가  
가 BVRDE<sup>9</sup> BVRDE  
240 seconds of arc( )  
33 cm 6 m 가 가 20/320 E E

E (pixel size) 240 . BVRDE 가 (p>0.05).  
 BVRDE 240, 180, 120, 60, 30, 15 6 14 , 29  
 . 가 240 (67.4%) . 가 4  
 E  
 2 57.6 (SD±21.5)( 40~100),  
 35.5 (SD±19.7)( 20~100),  
 BVRDE 317.9 (SD±121.7)( 60~400),  
 BVC 205.3 (SD±149.7)( 15~400)  
 . 240 (Table 2). 4  
 400 .<sup>10</sup> BVC 4 (SD±11)( 40~80), 29.3 (SD±  
 14.8)( 20~70), BVRDE 155.7 (SD±  
 109.9)( 60~400), BVC 70.4 (SD±99)(  
 15~400) 4  
 Mann- 가 (p<0.05)(Table 2).  
 Whitney test p 0.05 4  
 (p>0.05). 가  
 BVC 가 (p>0.05).  
 6.4 (SD±2.0) ,  
 6.8 (SD±1.9), 6.1 (SD  
 ±2.0) . +1.00Dsph. -  
 4.00Dsph. ,  
 -0.51Dsph.(SD±1.3) ,  
 -0.67Dsph.(SD±1.3) .  
 4PD 30PD ,  
 16.9PD(SD±7.9) ,  
 21PD(SD±4.9) . 가  
 45.6 (SD±12.4)( 40~100), 29.1  
 (SD±13.7)( 20~70) ,  
 BVRDE 131.3 (SD±85)( 가 (contour  
 15~400), BVC 46.1 (SD±37.2)( 15~120) or local stereopsis) (global or  
 53.5 random dot stereopsis) .<sup>11</sup>  
 (SD±19.5)( 40~100), 33.5 (SD±  
 18.3)( 20~100), BVRDE 17 , 18  
 265.1 (SD±139.7)( 60~400), BVC 161.4 가  
 (SD±148.6)( 15~400) (Table 1).  
 가 (p<0.05).  
 가 (p<0.05), 가 Frisby 가 E ,  
 가 가 가

12

27가 가

A-O Vectographic Project-O-Chart  
Slide(American Optical South bridge, Mass,  
U.S.A.)

4

480 30

가 (non-random dot  
stereotest)

Mentor B-VAT II-SG  
(computerized testing system)

BVC BVRDE

가 가

B-  
VAT unit

BVC	BVRDE	Zanoni
Rosenbaum <sup>6</sup>	41 , 139	Stathacopoulos
<sup>10</sup> 66 , 158	Rutstein <sup>13</sup> 53 , 81	
Mehta France <sup>14</sup>	50 , 137	Yildirim <sup>15</sup>
5~6	49 , 98	16~20
50 , 83		

46 ,

131 Zanoni Rosenbaum,<sup>6</sup> Mehta  
France<sup>14</sup> , Yildirim <sup>15</sup>

BVC Yildirim

BVRDE Yildirim

BVRDE 가

BVC BVC BVRDE

E

E

Stathacopoulos <sup>10</sup> O'Neal <sup>16</sup>

가

(neural processing)

BVRDE

BVRDE

400 2

가

BVC BVRDE

가

6-8,10,16 BVC

BVRDE <sup>7</sup> 216 ,  
351 , <sup>8</sup> 302 , 361 , Stathacopoulos  
<sup>10</sup> 149 , 285 , O'Neal <sup>16</sup> 262 , 356  
BVC, BVRDE 161 ,  
265 <sup>7</sup> <sup>8</sup>

Stathacopoulos <sup>10</sup>

<sup>7,8,10,16</sup> Zanoni Rosenbaum

BVC 60

92%

BVC 20% 60

BVC 83.7%(36/43)

BVC 46.5%(20/43)

60

가 Zanoni Rosenbaum  
20 11

4

Rutstein B-VAT  
(intermittent strabismus)

BVC 17%

120

47%

가

가

Stathacopoulos <sup>10</sup>

O'Neal <sup>16</sup>  
(routine)

가

가

가

<sup>10,17,18</sup> 가

가

<sup>10,19</sup>

4

가

가 가

가

4 가

가  
 BVRDE, BVC 가  
 155 , 70 131 , 46  
 가 가  
 가  
 7,8,10,16,18  
 5,20  
 Simons<sup>21</sup>  
 40 , 21.3  
 , Yildirim<sup>15</sup> 45 , 29  
 44 , 35  
 45.6 , 29.1 Yildirim  
 가  
 53 , 33  
 Simons<sup>21</sup>, Yildirim<sup>15</sup>  
 가  
 가  
 Zannoi Rosenbaum<sup>6</sup> BVC  
 가  
 BVC 가  
 4 BVC  
 가  
 4 10  
 가  
 가 B-  
 VAT 가 BVRDE

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**= ABSTRACT =**

## **Comparison of Distance and Near Stereoacuity in Normal and Intermittent Exotropic Children.**

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**Purpose** : The purpose of this study was to evaluate, and compare the mean value of near and distance stereoacuity in normal and intermittent exotropic (X)T children.

**Methods** : This study included 86 children, 43 normal children and 43(X)T children ranging in age from 4 to 10 years. Near stereoacuity was assessed by Titmus circle and Randot circle tests. Distance stereoacuity was measured with the Random Dot and Circles tests on the Mentor B-VAT II videoacuity tester. The presence of fusion was examined by Worth 4-dot test(W4D).

**Results** : The mean value of near stereoacuity measured on Titmus and Randot was 45.6 and 29.1 seconds of arc(") respectively, in normal children, and 53.5 and 33.5", respectively, in(X)T children. The mean value of distance stereoacuity measured on the Binocular vision random dot E(BVRDE) and Binocular vision circle(BVC) was 131.3" and 46.1", respectively, in normal children, and 265.1" and 161.4", respectively, in(X)T children. There were significant differences in distance stereoacuity between normal and(X)T children( $p<0.05$ ). However, no significant differences were found between the two groups in near Randot test( $p>0.05$ ). In(X)T children, the mean value of stereoacuity for BVRDE and BVC was 155.7" and 70.4 " in patients with fusion and 317.9" and 205.3" in those without. There were significant differences in distance stereoacuity for BVRDE and BVC between(X)T children with fusion and without fusion by W4D test( $p<0.05$ ).

**Conclusions** : The result of this study aid in the evaluation of normative distance stereoacuity data in normal children and in the evaluation of control of the deviation and sensory function status by distance stereoacuity measurement in(X)T children aged 4-10 years.

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**Key Words** : Binocular vision circle, Binocular vision random dot E, Distance stereoacuity, Intermittent exotropia

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