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The Influence of Ingestion of Water on Epigastric Fullness and Electrogastrographic Findings in Patients with Dysmotility-like Functional Dyspepsia

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Background/Aims: The aim of this study was to evaluate the influence of water ingestion on elec trogastrographic findings and epigastric fullness in patients with dysmotility-like functional dyspepsia (DLFD). Methods: The study was performed on 15 patients with DLFD and 17 normal controls Abdominal surface electrogastrography was applied for 30 min in fasting state and for 30 min afte water ingestion to bring epigastric fullness. Results: Patients with DLFD showed higher scale of epigastric fullness in fasting, postprandial 20 min and postprandial 30 min, compared with norma controls. There was no difference between the patients and controls in the amount of ingested wate which brought epigastric fullness. Significant differences were found in the percentage of fed 3 cpm wave and the percentage of fed bradygastria. No significant differences were found in the percentage of fed tachygastria, fasting electrogastrographic findings and power ratio. No correlation was found between the percentage of 3 cpm slow wave and the scale of epigastric fullness. Conclusions: Pati ents with DLFD showed higher percentage of 3 cpm wave after ingestion of water. The amount o ingested water to bring epigastric fullness was similar in the patients and normal controls. (Kor J Gastroenterol 1999;33:489 - 495)

Key Words: Dysmotility-like functional dyspepsia, Electrogastrography, Water ingestion

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(dysmotility-like functional

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dyspepsia,	DLFD)	가						,
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	가	,			•	Syı	netics I	Digitrapper EGG,
				version 6	5.30			
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		, fast Fourier trans	sform					. 0-2.4
running sp	ectral analysis				n, 3 cpm	2.4-3.7	' cycle/mi	
	2.5			10 cycle	/min		•	
	.36			3.				
	,		,					, SPSS/PC+
	,	,	56	Windows	2			Student's
			.5,6	t-test	,	, p	0.05	Student s
				e cese		, r 가	0.00	
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								(118.6 ± 55.9)
					61.4 ± 40.6			20 (185.8
1.					nm vs 120			
		3		0.001)	(1/9.0±3	4.3 mm 가	VS 87.2	±43.3 mm, p<
				0.001) 가	(Fig.			
	, ,	,			(118.	- //,	フ	(428.8 ±
,		,		127.3 cc	vs 426.4	± 141.5		
	15 (3 , 12) 39.5 (35-60) .	2.				
		,						
		, 13)			m 가	0.04)	가	$(90.8 \pm 11.7\%)$
33.4	(24-60)			vs 74.5 =	±20.3%, j		20.4 - 10	00/ == <0.01\
2.					(3.9 ± 9	7.1% VS		0%, p<0.01).
			1			, 가		able 1).
,	, 12		-			·	,-	,

3. 3 cpm ECA (electrical control activity, slow 10 , 20 , 30 3 cpm wave) ERA (electrical response, spike or action 2가 potential) 가 (Fig. 2, 3). .7-10 ECA 1/3 (pacemaker) 1 3 (3 cpm) ERA .11 ECA , ERA ECA

Fig. 1. Epigastric fullness in dysmotility-like functional dyspepsia (DLFD) and control group. DLFD showed higher scale in fasting, postprandial 20 min. and 30 min.

Table 1. Electrogastrographic Findings in Dysmotility-like Functional Dyspepsia (DLFD) and Control Group

	DLFD (%)(n=15)	Controls (%)(n=17)	p value
2			1
3 cpm-pre	87.2 ± 12.0	82.3 ± 16.7	>0.05
3 cpm-post	90.8 ± 11.7	74.5 ± 20.3	< 0.01
Tachy-pre	6.7 ± 9.7	11.5 ± 12.7	>0.05
Tachy-post	2.9 ± 5.3	5.4 ± 7.1	>0.05
Brady-pre	5.5 ± 5.8	5.9 ± 9.8	>0.05
Brady-post	5.9 ± 9.7	20.4 ± 18.0	< 0.01
Power-ratio	1.7 ± 1.2	2.8 ± 2.1	>0.05

Fig. 2. Correlation between 3 cpm and fullness in control. No correlation was found.

Fig. 3. Correlation between 3 cpm and fullness in dysmotility-like functional dyspepsia (DLFD) group. No correlation was found.

가 power ratio가 .12 가 (electro-mechanical uncoupling), 가

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          가
             (one to one)
      .12
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                                                                         가
   (tachygastria)
                                 가
                                                       ,17
,13
                                 3 cpm
                                                                           가
                                                               . 18
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                                                power ratio
                  3 cpm
                            power ratio가
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                                             가
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                                                               , power ratio
                                            가
                                                                          가
                                                    . Power ratio
                         가
                                                                            power ratio
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                                              power ratio
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                                            ratio
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             20
                                                                                3 cpm
                                                                      가
                                                power ratio
       20
             30
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                          가
                   가
                                                  3 cpm 가
                  가?
                                                                                3 cpm
                                              가 가
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가 가 가 3 cpm 가 가 17 (: =4:13. 33.4) 15 (: =3:12, 39.5) 12 10 . 20 , 30 visual analog scales (300 mm) (Synetics Digitrapper EGG, version 6.30) $(118.6 \pm 55.9 \text{ mm})$ vs 61.4 ± 40.6 mm, p<0.01) 20 (185.8 ± 45.5) mm vs 126.4 ± 56.8 mm, p<0.01), $(179.6 \pm 54.5 \text{ mm vs } 87.2 \pm 43.3 \text{ mm, p} < 0.001)$ 가 가 가 $(428.8 \pm 127.3 \text{ cc vs } 426.4 \pm$ 141.5 cc, p>0.05). 가 3 cpm 가 $(90.8 \pm 11.7\% \text{ vs } 74.5 \pm 20.3\%, \text{ p} < 0.01),$ $(5.9 \pm 9.7\% \text{ vs } 20.4 \pm$ 18.0%, p<0.01). power ratio

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