Positive correlation between TZAP and TERT in most cancers: a new player in cancer diseases

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We read with great interest the article published in this journal by Donati *et al.* (1), which suggested that telomeric zinc-finger associated protein (TZAP) dynamics may lead to the development of telomere diseases. According to the Human Protein Atlas, TZAP (also known as ZBTB48) is expressed in various cancers, and its role as a tumor-suppressor is suspected (2,3).

In January 2018, TZAP mRNA expression data for various cancers were downloaded from The Cancer Genome Atlas (TCGA) database (http://cancergenome. nih.gov/) (3). We used OncoLnc and cBioPortal to analyze the expression of TZAP and found that TZAP expression had prognostic significance in colorectal, cervical, and pancreatic cancers. In other cancers, it did not have any prognostic value. In addition, TZAP expression positively correlated with telomerase reverse transcriptase (TERT) expression in bladder, colorectal, lung, head, neck, and uterine endometrial squamous cell carcinomas, as well as hepatocellular carcinoma, glioblastoma, and melanoma (*Figure 1*). Those correlations had not been reported until now.

The shelterin subunits telomeric repeat factor (TRF)1 and TRF2 (2,4) are known to compete with TZAP. In our study, TZAP expression strongly correlated with TERT expression, and the mRNA of each was competitively and proportionally expressed. Thus, it was believed that the competition between TZAP and the shelterin complex may be limited to certain locations. Moreover, TZAP expression may be more deeply associated with TERT expression, as suggested by Donati *et al.* (1). Further research into how TZAP expression and binding affect the molecular mechanisms of telomere crosstalk with other cellular processes is warranted.

Our analysis, combined with previous data, suggests that TZAP directly participates in telomere regulation in a manner that is dependent on TERT (1,2), which indicates that TZAP expression may contribute to the pathogenesis of telomere-related diseases such as cancer. For that reason, the biological functions of TZAP and telomereassociated gene alterations are of great interest to cancer researchers.

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A			B 5000 -
Cancer type	R	Р	
Bladder urothrlial	0.251	0.000*	6 4000 -
Breast invasive carcinoma	0.058	0.065	8 3000 -
Cervical squamous cell carcinoma and	-0.014	0.091	
Colon adenocarcinoma	0.187	0.000*	Щ 2000 - °°°
Esophageal carcinoma	0.077	0.359	
Glioblastoma multiforme	0.232	0.004*	
Head and neck squamous cell carcinoma and	0.216	0.000*	B=0.177, P=0.001
endocervical adenocarcinoma			
Acute myeloid leukemia	0.118	0.089	0 500 1000 1500 2000 TZAP expression
Liver hepatocellular carcinoma	0.177	0.001*	C 400
Lung adenocarcinoma	0.065	0.152	°
Lung squamous cell carcinoma	0.115	0.011*	5 300
Ovarian serous cystadenocarcinoma	0.003	0.963	
Pancreatic adenocarcinoma	-0.018	0.810	₫ ₩ 200 -
Rectum adenocarcinoma	0.186	0.020*	E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E E
Skin cutaneous melanoma	0.134	0.004*	
Stomach adenocarcinoma	0.088	0.089	° ° ° ° ° ° R=0.187, P<0.01
Uterine corpus endometrial carcinoma	0.133	0.002*	
			0 200 400 600 800
			TZAP expression

Figure 1 Correlation between TZAP and TERT expression in various cancers (A), representative correlation data on hepatocellular carcinomas (B) and colon cancers (C). *, P<0.05. TZAP, telomeric zinc-finger associated protein; TERT, telomerase reverse transcriptase.

Footnote

Conflicts of Interest: The authors have no conflicts of interest to declare.

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