

심방 조율에 따른 심근대사의 변화

한성욱 · 김윤년 · 허승호 · 현대우 · 박소영
신이철 · 김기식 · 김권배 · 권기영

= Abstract =

Changes of Cardiac Metabolism according to Atrial Pacing

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Background : In aerometabolic process, the human heart mainly utilizes free fatty acid as fuel. During anaerobic process, lactate production by the myocardium is increased and accumulates in the myocardium. Thus it decreases the contractility of myocardium. Therefore in patients with ischemic heart disease, lactate production must be increased by the myocardium during myocardial ischemia. During paroxysmal supraventricular tachycardia, patients frequently experience chest pain and ST segment depression suggesting acute myocardial ischemia. However it occurs on a physiologic basis independent of ischemia. The purpose of this study was to assess whether tachycardia induced by atrial pacing produces myocardial ischemia in patients without evidence of ischemic heart disease.

Methods : Between May 28, 1996 and August 13, 1996, at the University of Keimyung, Dong-San Medical center, 15 patients (male 9, female 6, mean age of 38 years) with palpitation underwent electrophysiologic testing and had radiofrequency catheter ablation. There were no evidence of ischemic heart disease. Right atrial pacing was done with lengths of 500msec, 400msec and 350msec in each 5 patients. A 12 lead electrocardiogram, left ventricular end-diastolic pressure, blood from femoral artery and coronary sinus for lactate determinations and blood gas analysis were obtained simultaneously. They were obtained at baseline, at 1, 5, 10 and 15 minute of atrial pacing and at 1, 5, 10 minute after cessation of pacing.

Results : Significant changes were not observed in PO_2 , PCO_2 , concentration of HCO_3^- , pH and O_2 saturation. In all patients, mean percent lactate extraction was above 10% and not significantly changed during atrial pacing. However ST segment depression was significantly progressive during atrial pacing and according to decrease the cycle length ($p < 0.05$), also left ventricular end-diastolic pressure was significantly decreased during atrial pacing ($p < 0.05$).

Conclusion : Therefore tachycardia induced by atrial pacing for 15 minutes did not produce myocardial ischemia in patients without evidence of ischemic heart disease. Depression of ST segment

during supraventricular tachycardia or atrial pacing, in patient without underlying heart disease is necessary to investigate what makes this phenomenon.

KEY WORDS : Atrial pacing · Ischemia · Lactate · ST depression · LVEDP.

서 론

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 2. 전기생리적 검사
 6
 30 1
 diphenhydramine 25mg
 diazepam 10mg
 7.5F (sheath) 1
 6F 2 7.5F
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 6F 1
 Single plane cardiocineangiography system(Ph-
 ilips , Poly DIAGNOST C2) X-
 His
 (Bloom ,
 DTU - 215)

대상 및 방법

1. 대 상
 1996 5 28 8 13
 가
 15
 가 9 , 가 6 ,
 38 ± 15.8(16 62)
 7 , Wolff - Parkin -
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 4 ,

(Radionics , RFG - 3C)
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 6F Damato curve 4 (USCI
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 10 (Diag)
 USCI 6F multipurpose -
 (Fig. 1). 가
 1 , 5 , 10 , 15 ,

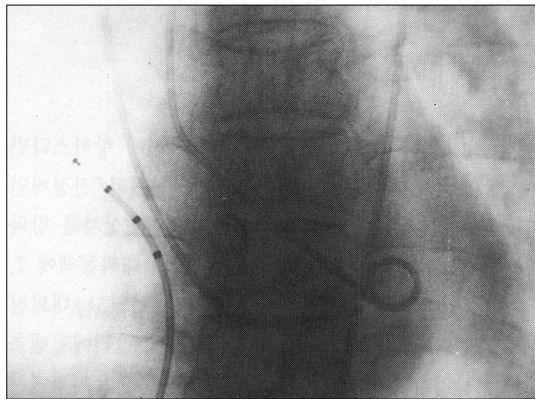


Fig. 1. Fluoroscopic anteroposterior view shows quadripolar catheter in right atrium, multipurpose catheter in coronary sinus and pig-tail catheter in left ventricle.

1, 5, 10

가

3. 각군의 분류

5 500

msec, 400msec, 350msec

4. 혈중젖산농도 측정방법

2ml pot-

assium oxalate - sodium fluoride

가 가, Abbott Diagnostics TDX[®] radioactive energy attenuation

0.67 - 2.47ng/ml

(lactate extract)

$$\text{lactate extract} = (A - C) / A \times 100$$

A :

C :

5. 혈액가스분석

3ml

1ml

가 가 Ciba - corning 200 Series Blood Gas System

6. ST 지수

12

ST

ST 가 ST J
0.08sec 가 ST

millimeter 12

4)

7. 통계 및 분석

windows SPSS (statistical package for social science)

paired t - test one - way ANOVA test

P 0.05

결 과

1. 심방조율에 따른 혈중 산소분압, 이산화탄소분압, 중탄산이온 농도, 혈색소의 산소포화도 및 수소이온농도지수의 변동

(Table 1).

가

(Table 2).

(Table 3),

350msec

(Table 4).

(Table 5).

Table 1. Serial changes of PO₂ level at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	111.2 ± 12.04	119.96 ± 13.02	123.08 ± 10.26	113.62 ± 11.53	118.96 ± 7.04	114.88 ± 6.09	118.68 ± 9.20	122.62 ± 15.11
	CL 400msec	133.72 ± 18.60	122.22 ± 14.33	116.24 ± 16.41	115.62 ± 17.49	121.06 ± 19.15	119.38 ± 6.24	101.62 ± 33.35	121.60 ± 15.93
	CL 350msec	116.50 ± 21.97	117.04 ± 24.72	128.10 ± 23.47	125.70 ± 22.12	115.03 ± 27.30	112.78 ± 17.02	107.24 ± 16.32	107.48 ± 15.84
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	18.30 ± 6.32	19.06 ± 5.91	18.54 ± 5.08	18.64 ± 4.83	19.18 ± 5.13	19.44 ± 4.92	19.98 ± 4.66	19.44 ± 4.03
	CL 400msec	17.90 ± 5.64	18.76 ± 2.48	19.04 ± 2.55	18.52 ± 2.31	17.78 ± 2.75	16.32 ± 2.30	15.66 ± 1.46	15.96 ± 2.87
	CL 350msec	19.64 ± 5.39	22.66 ± 3.89	20.80 ± 5.78	21.70 ± 6.35	21.23 ± 6.17	22.38 ± 6.60	21.50 ± 7.11	21.33 ± 7.51

Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

Table 2. Serial changes of PCO₂ level at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	41.8 ± 0.67	41.9 ± 1.73	41.7 ± 0.94	40.0 ± 3.44	40.7 ± 3.50	42.3 ± 2.94	41.9 ± 3.66	37.4 ± 9.71
	CL 400msec	37.2 ± 2.21	37.5 ± 1.88	38.3 ± 2.28	38.8 ± 3.83	39.1 ± 2.83	38.2 ± 3.05	37.0 ± 6.23	38.3 ± 3.04
	CL 350msec	37.3 ± 6.11	38.9 ± 3.72	36.9 ± 4.83	36.0 ± 9.74	39.2 ± 4.64	39.5 ± 2.91	38.9 ± 3.89	38.4 ± 4.96
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	53.4 ± 2.43	53.0 ± 4.27	52.2 ± 4.74	54.0 ± 3.83	51.3 ± 4.33	52.4 ± 5.08	53.0 ± 2.47	52.9 ± 4.45
	CL 400msec	42.6 ± 12.38	48.5 ± 1.51	48.1 ± 5.45	48.0 ± 2.03	49.4 ± 4.49	48.4 ± 5.26	49.3 ± 2.24	49.8 ± 1.09
	CL 350msec	50.7 ± 4.05	49.9 ± 4.51	49.8 ± 3.46	48.7 ± 3.49	50.0 ± 2.40	47.6 ± 3.29	49.9 ± 4.73	46.9 ± 5.78

Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

Table 3. Serial changes of HCO₃⁻ level at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	24.9 ± 1.17	25.3 ± 1.05	24.9 ± 1.00	24.7 ± 1.41	24.6 ± 1.92	25.4 ± 1.43	25.2 ± 1.53	22.8 ± 5.10
	CL 400msec	22.5 ± 1.57	22.8 ± 0.52	23.1 ± 0.98	23.4 ± 1.49	23.6 ± 1.34	23.0 ± 1.78	21.9 ± 3.00	23.4 ± 1.26
	CL 350msec	22.9 ± 2.59	24.3 ± 1.38	23.6 ± 2.04	22.2 ± 5.54	23.5 ± 2.36	23.3 ± 1.23	23.9 ± 1.33	23.5 ± 2.73
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	27.9 ± 2.11	28.6 ± 1.94	28.7 ± 1.53	29.5 ± 1.00	28.3 ± 1.85	28.1 ± 2.13	29.0 ± 0.78	29.6 ± 1.16
	CL 400msec	23.4 ± 7.10	26.6 ± 1.82	25.8 ± 2.32	26.5 ± 1.08	27.1 ± 2.04	26.7 ± 3.08	27.1 ± 1.74	26.5 ± 3.36
	CL 350msec	28.1 ± 1.08	27.7 ± 1.50	27.9 ± 1.47	27.6 ± 0.92	28.0 ± 1.82	27.4 ± 2.20	28.1 ± 2.14	26.6 ± 2.24

Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

2. 심방조율에 따른 혈중 젖산농도의 변동

(Table 6). 350msec 1 5

(Table 7). 10% 400msec, 350msec 1 15 1 5 (p<0.05)

Table 4. Serial changes of O₂ saturation at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	97.9 ± 0.51	98.2 ± 0.44	98.3 ± 0.31	98.1 ± 0.45	98.2 ± 0.22	98.1 ± 0.25	98.2 ± 0.28	98.3 ± 0.52
	CL 400msec	98.6 ± 0.30	98.3 ± 0.47	98.1 ± 0.73	98.0 ± 0.80	98.2 ± 0.80	98.3 ± 0.22	97.7 ± 1.11	98.3 ± 0.43
	CL 350msec	98.1 ± 0.78	98.0 ± 0.87	98.5 ± 0.73	98.4 ± 0.57	97.9 ± 0.70	98.2 ± 0.72	97.7 ± 0.84	97.8 ± 0.69
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	24.4 ± 14.10	26.7 ± 13.24	25.8 ± 11.07	25.8 ± 10.38	27.5 ± 12.34	27.5 ± 11.43	29.1 ± 11.32	28.4 ± 10.54
	CL 400msec	25.2 ± 13.81	26.4 ± 6.26	26.8 ± 7.10	24.7 ± 7.63	24.3 ± 6.98	21.0 ± 5.84	19.3 ± 3.52	19.5 ± 4.78
	CL 350msec	28.9 ± 14.13	36.1 ± 10.35	31.7 ± 14.04	34.3 ± 15.37	32.7 ± 15.18	36.2 ± 16.84	33.3 ± 17.36	33.5 ± 19.39

Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

Table 5. Serial changes of pH level at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	7.38 ± 0.02	7.39 ± 0.02	7.38 ± 0.02	7.40 ± 0.02	7.39 ± 0.01	7.39 ± 0.01	7.39 ± 0.02	7.40 ± 0.03
	CL 400msec	7.39 ± 0.01	7.38 ± 0.05	7.39 ± 0.02	7.39 ± 0.03	7.39 ± 0.03	7.39 ± 0.02	7.38 ± 0.04	7.40 ± 0.03
	CL 350msec	7.40 ± 0.03	7.41 ± 0.03	7.42 ± 0.03	7.40 ± 0.01	7.39 ± 0.02	7.40 ± 0.01	7.40 ± 0.02	7.40 ± 0.02
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	7.33 ± 0.03	7.34 ± 0.02	7.35 ± 0.02	7.35 ± 0.02	7.35 ± 0.01	7.34 ± 0.01	7.35 ± 0.01	7.36 ± 0.02
	CL 400msec	7.35 ± 0.01	7.36 ± 0.01	7.34 ± 0.03	7.35 ± 0.02	7.35 ± 0.03	7.35 ± 0.03	7.35 ± 0.03	7.36 ± 0.02
	CL 350msec	7.35 ± 0.03	7.35 ± 0.03	7.35 ± 0.02	7.36 ± 0.02	7.36 ± 0.02	7.37 ± 0.03	7.36 ± 0.01	7.36 ± 0.03

Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

Table 6. Serial changes of lactate level at femoral artery and coronary sinus before, during and after pacing

		B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
Femoral artery	CL 500msec	1.42 ± 0.38	1.40 ± 0.27	1.32 ± 0.35	1.51 ± 0.28	1.40 ± 0.32	1.39 ± 0.44	1.38 ± 0.61	1.38 ± 0.36
	CL 400msec	2.30 ± 1.07	2.41 ± 0.86	2.32 ± 0.91	2.24 ± 0.78	2.15 ± 0.71	2.16 ± 0.58	2.16 ± 0.51	1.87 ± 0.58
	CL 350msec	2.08 ± 1.00	2.08 ± 0.96	1.91 ± 0.65	2.21 ± 0.79	2.32 ± 0.97	2.30 ± 0.84	2.23 ± 0.87	2.26 ± 0.86
Coronary sinus	CL 500msec	1.01 ± 0.25	1.00 ± 0.29	1.11 ± 0.33	0.88 ± 0.56	1.06 ± 0.47	1.09 ± 0.27	1.02 ± 0.40	1.05 ± 0.30
	CL 400msec	1.75 ± 0.78	1.71 ± 0.63	1.60 ± 0.47	1.64 ± 0.52	1.53 ± 0.46	1.61 ± 0.40	1.45 ± 0.33	1.36 ± 0.26
	CL 350msec	1.64 ± 0.87	1.79 ± 0.63	1.71 ± 0.55	1.91 ± 0.68	1.80 ± 0.70	1.76 ± 0.71	1.76 ± 0.72	1.65 ± 0.63

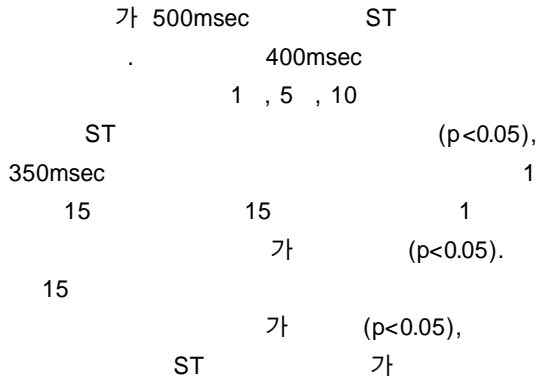
Scale : mean ± standard deviation(mmHg), CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

Table 7. Serial changes of lactate extract* before, during and after pacing

	B	P1	P5	P10	P15	R1	R5	R10
CL 500msec	28.0 ± 9.64	29.2 ± 11.09	12.4 ± 32.22	43.9 ± 31.81	24.2 ± 25.20	17.0 ± 27.88	24.1 ± 14.20	24.0 ± 9.71
CL 400msec	23.1 ± 9.10	29.1 ± 6.56	29.2 ± 13.11	25.8 ± 12.43	28.1 ± 11.86	24.7 ± 11.60	32.7 ± 9.38	22.8 ± 19.06
CL 350msec	22.6 ± 12.66	9.8 ± 24.67	7.8 ± 28.07	12.9 ± 14.18	21.7 ± 9.56	24.0 ± 6.13	26.8 ± 4.62	26.8 ± 4.62

* : (A - C)/A*100 A : lactate from femoral artery, C : lactate from coronary sinus, CL : cycle length, B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing

3. 심방 조율에 따른 ST 지수의 변화



(Fig. 2).

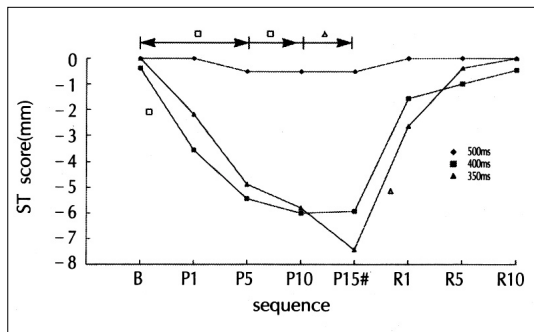


Fig. 2. Figure shows serial changes of ST score before, during and after pacing. \square : In pacing with 400msec group, significantly different between two periods ($p<0.05$). \triangle : In pacing with 350msec group, significantly different between two periods($p<0.05$). # : Significantly different among the three groups at 15minute during pacing($p<0.05$). B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing.

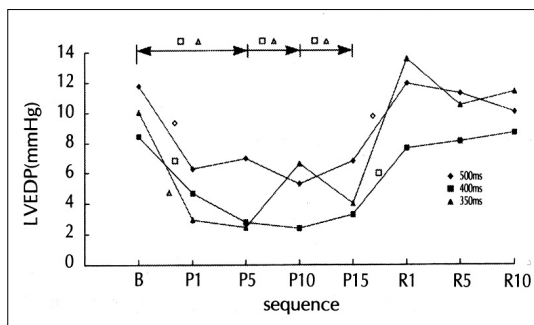


Fig. 3. Figure shows serial changes of left ventricular end-diastolic pressure before, during and after pacing. \diamond : In pacing with 500msec group, significantly different between two periods($p<0.05$). \square : In pacing with 400msec group, significantly different between two periods($p<0.05$). \triangle : In pacing with 350 msec group, significantly different between two periods($p<0.05$). B : before pacing, P : during pacing, R : after pacing.

4. 심방조율에 따른 좌심실 말기 확장기압의 변화

($p<0.05$),

(Fig. 3).

5. 전흉부통증

350msec
1
10
고찰
Herman⁵⁾
3가
가
가
3가
가

1. 생화학적 측면

pyruvic acid
2,6,7). Clark⁸⁾
가
가
pyruvic acid
9,10).
TCA
가
pyru-

vic acid 가 2,11,12)

pyruvic acid가

가 가

[L(a - v)],

[L(a - v)/a],

(L/Pv),

(v - a) - P(v - a) x L/Pa] 15)

pyruvic acid (excess lactate) [XL=L 1,12-14), Neill

가

가

1).

가

1,19)

pyruvic acid

(lactate extract)

9 10% 5,15)

0% 7).

95mmHg²⁰⁾

20mmHg 15)

10%

catecholamine

가가

10,16)

가

가

17,18)

2. 전기생리적 측면

ST

가 가

21,22)

1-3)

가

ST

(True ST shift,

)

, 350msec

1

5

10%

10%

ST

(Appa -

. 350msec

5

1

1

rent ST shift,

)

25%),

가

(- 31.17%, - 42.

ST

가

가

가

ST

가

ST

10%

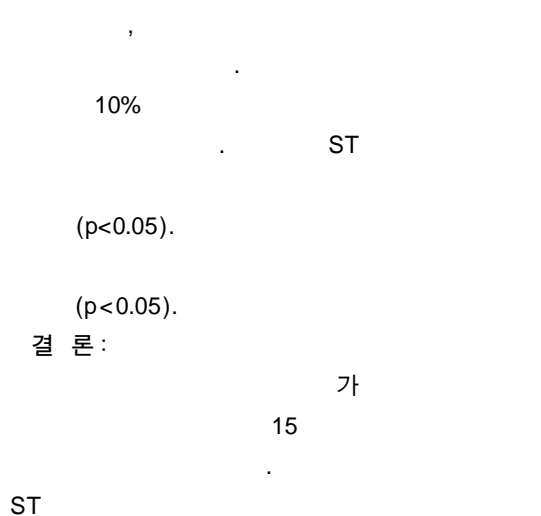
23) Kannel 24) Friesinger 25)

가 , ST . Pi- catecholamine 가 . 가 15 가 가 ST . 가 ST . Nelson 4) ST . ST , ST , catecholamine ST . 연구배경 :

ST , ST . 가 . 가 . ST Nelson ST 가 , catecholamine, ST 가 .

3. 혈역동학적 측면

27,28), 29-32) . 1996 5 28 8 13 가 15 (9 , 6 , 38) . 가 5 500msec, 400msec, 350msec 1 , 30). 5 , 10 , 15 1 , 5 , 10 12 . 가 결과 :



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